## Question 4 (June 2004 exam)

As someone who has had exposure to marketing management, you have been asked by a group of businessmen wishing to improve the performance of their small companies to advise them on the following aspects of promotional management:
a. The objectives of sales promotion programmes.
b. How the success of sales promotions can be measured.
c. What can be done to make sales promotions more successful.

Please note that sections $\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}$ and c carry equal weightings.
See pages 609 to 611 in Marketing Management.

## Suggested solutions

## a. Here are some objectives:

- to adjust demand and supply fluctuations (i.e. to get rid of large stock piles)
- to temporarily increase sales and market share
- to segment a market by offering promotional discounts to some groups (in the memo, but somewhat questionable)
- to temporarily differentiate the product where the product is a commodity (i.e. gain exposure for the brand and therefore build brand equity)
- to pre-empt competitive moves (for e.g., a new brand may be about to launch)
- to gain entrance into new stores (national advertising may force regional shop owners to stock the product on special)
- to attract defectors from other brands (entice buyers to switch to the brand by encouraging trial of the product)


## b. This can be done by measuring:

- the awareness raised among the target market (both regular and new customers) of the existence of the promotion [determined through a survey after the sales promotion has finished]
- the number of one-time customers who bought and used the product due to the promotion [determined through POS (Point of Sale) data analysis, a survey, or the number of coupons redeemed]
- the number of new customers who were converted to the product as a result of the promotion [determined through POS (Point of Sale) data analysis, a survey, or the number of coupons redeemed]
- the profit and loss calculation of the promotion - this may be calculated as follows:
(1) additional sales due to promotion
(2) * gross profit percentage $=$
(3) additional profit from promotion
(4) - cost of promotion $=$
(5) net profit/loss on promotion
c. What can be done to make sales promotions more successful?
- advertise the sales promotion sufficiently
- don't forget in-store banners, demonstrations, etc. to increase effectiveness and appeal
- set a relatively short time limit for the promotion to run... it creates urgency
- ensure that the timing of the sales promotion is right and does not, for example, coincide with that of a close competitor (if possible)
- limit objectives to a maximum of two... avoid 'add on' objectives
- balance creativity with simplicity... the deal should be easy to understand
- ensure that employees are motivated and well trained to handle the sales promotion
- deliver on the promises... avoid out-of-stocks!
- ensure the sales promotion is both ethical and legal!

